1. Why had Aquila and Priscilla come from Italy to Corinth? (18:1-2)	6. Who was Titius Justus? (18:7)
	1. A sorcerer
1. "Because they had friends and family there"	2. A worshiper of God
2. "Because Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave	3. A false prophet
Rome"	4. A tentmaker
3. "Because they were looking for work in Corinth"	(12)
4. "Because Priscilla needed a vacation" (13)	(13)
2. What did Paul do because he was a tentmaker? (18:3)	7. In Corinth, who believed in the Lord? (18:8)
()	1. Crispus, the synagogue leader
1. He bought other people's tents to sell.	2. Crispus's entire household
2. He stayed with Aquila and Priscilla and worked with	3. Many of the Corinthians
them.	4. All of the above
3. He retired so that he could focus on preaching. 4. He lived in nice tents. (13)	(12)
4. He lived in nice tents. (13)	(13)
3. What did Paul do in the synagogue every Sabbath in Corinth? (18:4)	8. Why did the Lord tell Paul that no one was going to attack and harm him? (18:9-10)
1. He reasoned and tried to persuade Jews and Greeks.	Because the Lord had many people in the city
2. He preached when the priest was not there.3. He told of his travels.	2. Because the Lord was going to put a curse on anyone who harmed him
4. He condemned the sinners.	3. Because the Lord would send someone to protect him
(13)	4. All of the above (13)
(13)	(13)
4. What did Paul do when Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia? (18:5)	9. What did Paul do for a year and a half in Corinth? (18:11)
He continued to reason with the Jews and Greeks.	1. He tought them the word of Cod
2. He rested and allowed Silas and Timothy to take over.	1. He taught them the word of God.
3. He devoted himself exclusively to preaching.	2. He only made tents and didn't preach.3. He remained in hiding.
4. He settled down in the countryside.	4. All of the above
(13)	(13)
5. What did Paul say when the Jews opposed him and became abusive? (18:6)	10. Who accompanied Paul to Syria? (18:18)
(2010)	1. Barnabas and Timothy
1. ""Your blood be on your own heads!"'	2. Priscilla and Aquila
2. "I am innocent of it."	3. Peter and John
3. "From now on I will go to the Gentiles."	4. No one
4. All of the above	
(13)	(13)

6. Who was Titius Justus? (18:7) 1. A sorcerer 2. A worshiper of God 3. A false prophet 4. A tentmaker (13)	 Why had Aquila and Priscilla come from Italy to Corinth? (18:1-2) "Because they had friends and family there" "Because Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome" "Because they were looking for work in Corinth" "Because Priscilla needed a vacation" (13)
7. In Corinth, who believed in the Lord? (18:8) 1. Crispus, the synagogue leader 2. Crispus's entire household 3. Many of the Corinthians 4. All of the above (13)	 What did Paul do because he was a tentmaker? (18:3) He bought other people's tents to sell. He stayed with Aquila and Priscilla and worked with them. He retired so that he could focus on preaching. He lived in nice tents. (13)
8. Why did the Lord tell Paul that no one was going to attack and harm him? (18:9-10) 1. Because the Lord had many people in the city 2. Because the Lord was going to put a curse on anyone who harmed him 3. Because the Lord would send someone to protect him 4. All of the above (13)	 What did Paul do in the synagogue every Sabbath in Corinth? (18:4) He reasoned and tried to persuade Jews and Greeks. He preached when the priest was not there. He told of his travels. He condemned the sinners.
 9. What did Paul do for a year and a half in Corinth? (18:11) 1. He taught them the word of God. 2. He only made tents and didn't preach. 3. He remained in hiding. 4. All of the above (13) 	 4. What did Paul do when Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia? (18:5) 1. He continued to reason with the Jews and Greeks. 2. He rested and allowed Silas and Timothy to take over. 3. He devoted himself exclusively to preaching. 4. He settled down in the countryside.
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 What did Paul do in Ephesus? (18:19) He "found a place to stay." "He sought out the Gentiles." "He preached on the streets." He "went into the synagogue and reasoned with the Jews." 	16. How did Apollos refute his Jewish opponents in public debate? (18:28) 1. Cautiously 2. Kindly 3. Thoughtfully 4. Vigorously (13)
12. In Ephesus, what did Paul do when the people asked him to spend more time with them? (18:20-21) 1. He accepted. 2. He declined, but promised to come back if it was God's will. 3. He told them that he would have to pray about it. 4. He decided to stay for two more weeks. (13)	17. What did Apollos prove from the Scriptures in Achaia? (18:28) 1. That Paul was the Christ 2. That the creation story was true 3. That Jesus was the Messiah 4. That God would judge them all (13)
13. How is Apollos described? (18:24-25) 1. "He was a learned man, with a thorough knowledge of the Scriptures." 2. "He had been instructed in the way of the Lord, and he spoke with great fervor and taught about Jesus accurately." 3. "He knew only the baptism of John." 4. All of the above (13)	18. According to Romans 8:31, who is for us? (Romans 8:31) 1. No one 2. All of the believers 3. God 4. Paul (13)
14. What did Priscilla and Aquila do when they heard Apollos? (18:26) 1. They "explained to him the way of God more adequately." 2. They "condemned him and spoke out against him." 3. They "sent word to Paul asking him to return immediately." 4. They "quietly asked him to leave."	19. Why did Paul have his hair cut off at Cenchreae? (18:18) 1. "Because it had gotten too long" 2. "Because he didn't want anyone to recognize him" 3. "Because of a vow he had taken" 4. "Because an angel told him to in a vision" (13)
15. In Achaia, who was a great help to those who by grace had believed? (18:27) 1. Paul 2. Barnabas 3. Apollos 4. Peter (13)	20. What did Paul do throughout the regions of Galatia and Phrygia? (18:23) 1. Strengthened all the disciples 2. Hid amongst the Gentiles 3. Sold tents to pay for his travels 4. All of the above (13)

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